

Form 1.1 - Individual Complaint

Instructions and Information

How to use this form

- Use this form to file a discrimination complaint in BC for yourself or another person.
- This form has 11 steps.
 - o Answer the questions on the form or use extra pages.
 - O You can add up to **5 pages** to Step 3 if the form does not have enough space.
- Print clearly. Use a black or blue pen.
- Do not attach evidence about your complaint, unless it is about an employment ad or publication.
 The Tribunal will tell you when you need to submit evidence to support your complaint.
- Keep a copy of your complaint form and all of your documents.
- If you are filing the complaint for another person, you must also file a Form 1.2 Authorization (unless you are their lawyer or legal advocate). Get the Form 1.2 on the Tribunal website.

1-year time limit to make complaint

- Submit this form within 1 year of the discrimination, if possible.
- If you file late, you can ask the Tribunal to accept your complaint when you fill out this form.

How to send your complaint to the BC Human Rights Tribunal

- Email: <u>BCHumanRightsTribunal@gov.bc.ca</u>
- Fax: (604) 775-2020
- Mail or in person to: 1270 605 Robson Street, Vancouver, BC V6B 5J3

How to contact us if you have questions

• Email: BCHumanRightsTribunal@gov.bc.ca

• Phone: (604) 775-2000

Toll Free: 1-888-440-8844

• TTY: (604) 775-2021

Do you need help?

- We recommend you get legal advice about your complaint before submitting it, if possible.
- See Who Can Help? on the Tribunal website.

What will the Tribunal do with this form?

The Tribunal will read the form to see if you set out possible discrimination under the Human Rights Code. The Tribunal may ask you for more information. If you set out possible discrimination, the Tribunal will give a copy of your complaint form to the Respondents so they can respond to the complaint.

There is more information at the end of this form about:

- Meeting your needs in the process so you can take part. (The legal term is "accommodation.")
- Privacy and who may see the information on this form,
- What happens next, and
- Protection from retaliation for making a complaint.

Tribunal stamp

Step 1 – Parties



Human Rights Tribunal	
1270 - 605 Robson Street Vancouver, BC V6B 5J3	
Phone: (604) 775-2000 Fax: (604) 775-200 Toll Free: 1-888-440-8844 TTY: (604) 775-200 Email: BCHumanRightsTribunal@gov.bc.ca Website: bchrt.bc.ca	
Step 1 Party information	
Part A Complainant contact i	nformation
1. Who experienced discrimination [Control Note: If a group or class experienced discrimination in the control of the control	
Legal name – First name: BRYONY	Legal name – Last name: DIXON
Preferred name: (example: traditional name, r	nickname, alias)
Use my preferred name:	
When talking to me	
When writing to me	
In decisions in addition to my legal name	
Title:	Pronoun:
Mr. X Ms. Mx.	she/ he/ they/
Not listed above:	Not listed above: N/A
2. Who will communicate with the Tril	ounal about this complaint?
Check only one:	
The Complainant	
X A lawyer	
A legal advocate (example: a person who	·
Another person – must file a Form 1.2 wit	h this complaint

Step 1 – Parties

Complainant contact information continued	
Name of person who will communicate with the Tribunal, if different from the Complainant	
First name: HATIM	Last name: KHEIR
Preferred name: (example: traditional name, i	nickname, alias)
Organization name, if applicable: (example: la	w firm) CHARTER ADVOCATES CANADA
Title: X Mr. Ms. Mx. Not listed above:	Pronoun: She/ he/ they/ Not listed above: N/A
3. Complainant's address for delivery	
You must provide:	
 a) an address where all parties can send you documents. Give the address of the person who will communicate with the Tribunal, 	
b) an email address, if possible. The Tribunal and parties usually communicate by email.	
If you have contact information that you want to keep confidential, do not put it on this form. Provide it by email, mail, fax, or in person.	
You must notify the Tribunal of any change to the address for delivery. A document sent to an address below is considered received by the complainant.	

Step 1, Part B Respondent contact information

Information about Respondents:

The Respondent is the organization or person you say discriminated against you.

Usually, there is only **one** Respondent.

Usually, the only Respondent is an **organization** such as:

- A company or business that employed you, in a complaint about employment.
- A landlord, in a complaint about a tenancy.
- A government body or business, in a complaint about services.
- A union, in a complaint about union membership.

Organizations are usually responsible for their employees' conduct.

Only name another respondent if they are responsible for the same discrimination that this complaint is about.

Only name a person as a respondent if:

- the person discriminated against you, and
- you have a reason to seek a remedy against them. For example:
 - no one else is responsible for the discrimination,
 - o no one else can provide the remedy, or
 - the person's conduct deserves a remedy

Give the correct legal name. Read about <u>how to find the correct legal name</u> under <u>Naming a</u> Respondent at bchrt.bc.ca.

Information about Respondent's address

Email is fastest. If possible, give an email address where we can send your complaint. Choose someone that you think has authority to respond to your complaint. For example, the owner, executive director, or someone in the human resources or legal department.

Step 1 – Parties

Step 1, Part B Res	pondent contact informat	ion
Check here to confirm you wa	ant to name an organization as Resp	pondent #1.
X Yes, I want to name the or	rganization that discriminated agair	nst me.
employment contract 1.	aming an employer, give the name	
Boa	ard of Education of School District N	lo. 68
Relationship to you: (example Former employer	e: your employer, landlord, service	provider)
someone that you think has a	ve an email address where we can soluthority to respond to your complane in the human resources or legal of	aint. For example, the owner,
_		
Name of Respondent #2 (if a	pplicable):	
Relationship to you: (example: your manager, building caretaker, government employee)		
Email:		
Mailing address:		
City:	Province:	Postal code:
Telephone:	Fax:	Cell:

Step 2 – Area and Grounds of Discrimination

Step 2, Part A Area of discrimination		
Information: The Human Rights Code protects people in the following "areas".		
Check any area that applies to your complaint: Information about the areas:		
 Employment If your complaint is about employment, check if it is about: X A job A job ad Lower rate of pay based on sex for similar 	Employment means work for an employer who controls the work and pay. It can include work as a volunteer, intern, or "independent contractor". Applies when you: Apply for a job Are working as an employee	
work	Get fired	
Services	Applies when you want a service. For example, you go out to eat or shop. You go to school. You apply for a government benefit. You own a strata unit.	
☐ Tenancy	Applies to renting a space, including most co-op housing. Applies when you: Try to rent a space Are renting a space Get evicted	
Purchase of property	Applies when you want to buy a house, condo, other unit, or land.	
	Covers flyers, articles, notices, signs, and symbols. Applies when someone aims to discriminate.	
	Example: A "whites only" sign	
Publication	Applies to a publication that is likely to expose a person or group to hatred.	
	Example: An article that says a protected group is disgusting and immoral	
	Applies when:	
Membership in a union, employer's organization, or occupational association	 You want to join a union or get licensed to work by a regulator 	
organization, or occupational association	You get suspended or expelled	
	You are a member	

Step 2 – Area and Grounds of Discrimination

Step 2, Part B Grounds of o	discrimination		
Information: The Human Rights Code protects you based on the characteristics or "grounds" below. The Code protects you if you have the characteristic. The Code also protects you if you don't have the characteristic, but someone thinks you do. Discrimination is conduct that harms you based on one or more characteristics.			
Example of multiple "grounds": A service provider treats a First Nations woman badly. She selects the grounds Indigenous identity and sex.			
Check only the grounds that apply to this complaint. Give details for each ground you check. Examples: Disability – I have a learning disability. Disability – Respondent thinks I have a heart condition. Age – I am 67. Indigenous identity – I am Métis.			
Indigenous identity, details:	You are First Nations, Inuit, or Métis.		
Race, details:	Example: South Asian or Black.		
Colour, details:	Skin colour. Example: Black, "dark-skinned", "light-skinned".		
Ancestry, details:	Where your ancestors come from. Example: Your father is Korean.		
Place of origin, details:	Where you come from. Example: Born in China.		
Physical disability	Conditions that affect or are seen as affecting your abilities.		
Mental disability	Examples: Addiction, amputation, asthma, bipolar		
(you can select both) details:	disorder, cancer, depression, dementia, epilepsy, obesity, learning disorders, developmental disabilities, impairments to hearing, speech, vision, or mobility.		
Sex, details:	Includes being male, female, intersex, Two Spirit, or transgender.		
	Includes pregnancy, breast-feeding, and sexual harassment.		
☐ Gender identity or expression, details	Gender identity is a person's sense of their gender, including man, woman, transgender, or non-binary.		
	Gender expression is how a person presents their gender. It includes how a person acts and appears.		
	Gender identity or expression can include a person's name or pronoun such as he, she, or they.		

Step 2 – Area and Grounds of Discrimination

Sexual orientation, details:	Includes being heterosexual, gay, lesbian, bisexual, pansexual, or queer.
Age (19 or over), details:	Does not apply: To purchase of property If legislation allows an age distinction
Family status:	 Includes: Family size Family type (example: single parent family) Family care responsibilities Who is in your family (example: someone fires you because of who your father is)
	Does not apply to purchase of property.
Marital status:	 Includes: Married, single, widowed, divorced, commonlaw Who your spouse is (example: someone fires you because they fired your spouse)
Religion:	 Includes: Practicing a faith Religious beliefs Not having certain religious beliefs or any religious beliefs at all
X Political belief: Gender-critical, sex realist, opposition to SOGI education and advocacy of related changes to law and policy	Applies only to employment and membership in a union, employer's organization, or occupational association. Includes: • Supporting a political party • Advocating for change to laws • Beliefs about how to govern a nation
Criminal conviction:	Applies only to employment and membership in a union, employer's organization, or occupational association. Includes: Charged with a crime Convicted of an offence
Lawful source of income:	Applies only to tenancy. Example: A landlord won't rent to you because you receive government benefits.

Step 3 - Details of Discrimination

Step 3 Details of the discrimination

To show possible discrimination under the Human Rights Code, you must show:

- The Respondent harmed you in the "area" you selected, such as employment. The legal term is "adverse effect" regarding the area.
- The harm is based on the "ground(s)" you selected. The legal term is that the grounds "are a factor in" or are "connected to" the harm.

Answer these questions. Then give details for each Respondent.

Describe the harm you experienced in a few words. Examples: My landlord evicted me based on my race. My co-worker said things that made work very uncomfortable for me.
 Give a short answer. Use the space on the form. Your short answer helps us understand the details you give below.

Ms. Dixon was a "Homestay" parent in School District 68's ("SD68") International Student Education Program (the "Program") in the 2023-2024 academic year. The position included a stipend of \$1075/month. The Program refused to continue Ms. Dixon's involvement for the 2024-2025 year because it disapproved of Ms. Dixon's political advocacy.

2. Explain how the harm relates to the grounds you checked in Step 2, Part B above. Examples:

- The words my co-worker used are slurs about Black men.
- Security only followed me around the store, not the other people who were not First Nations.
- The Respondent fired me one week after they learned I was pregnant.
- A white male colleague got the promotion. I am at least as qualified. I am an Asian woman.
- My employer said I have to work Saturdays. My religion does not allow me to work Saturdays.
- My employer disciplined me for shouting at someone. My disability caused me to shout.
- This organization refused to provide an interpreter which I need because I am Deaf.

Consider getting help if you are not sure. See Who Can Help? on the Tribunal website.

Ms. Dixon participated in the Program as a Homestay parent in the 2023-2024 academic year. A friend of her former Homestay student requested to stay the following year. Accordingly Ms. Dixon contacted the Program's coordinators to continue involvement in the 2024-2025 academic year. Ms. Dixon never received a response.

Only after obtaining the results of an FOI request did Ms. Dixon learn that the Program's coordinators had decided to reject her request to continue in the program because of her political advocacy against SOGI topics taught in schools. Ms. Dixon believes that sex is immutable and advocates for sex-based rights and legislative changes. In accordance with her views, she believes that SOGI topics taught in schools are harmful and advocates against government policies requiring their inclusion in the public school curriculum. The emails obtained by the FOI request demonstrate that the program's coordinators rejected Ms. Dixon's request to continue the

Step 3 – Details of Discrimination

If you need more space, use extra sheets (maximum 5 pages total for Step 3). Mark them "Step 3".

Respondent #1: Board of Education of School Dristrict 68

Describe what this Respondent did that harmed you.

Be specific.

Example: If someone harassed you, write out the words they used.

• Conduct can be what someone did or didn't do. The legal term is "acts or omissions".

If you don't know the exact date, give an approximate date. **Examples:** 2020 02 23 or 2020 02

Conduct:	Dates: YYYY MM DD
Ms. Dixon emailed coordinators of the Program, Avegale Morgan and Rob Hutchins inquiring about what steps were required to continue in the Program.	2024-08-31
By this date, Ms. Dixon had not received a response. Internal emails subsequently obtained through an FOI request revealed that, on this date, Ms. Morgan emailed Mr. Hutchins and Lisa Thom, stating that Ms. Dixon having organized an "anti-SOGI rally" is the reason she will not be allowed to continue in the Program.	2024-09-05
Mr. Hutchins replied to Ms. Morgan further explaining why Ms. Dixon could not continue as a Homestay parent. He said "This one is politically sensitive due to the Anti-Sogi rally."	2024-09-06
Having received no response by this date, Ms. Dixon placed an FOI request to obtain communications from SD68 regarding her involvement with the Program.	2024-11-04
By this date, Ms. Dixon had still not received any response from SD68 or any explanation about why she could not continue as a Homestay parent. On this date, Ms. Dixon received FOI request results containing the September 6 email revealing the true reason for her having been removed from the Program. Prior to this, she had not been given a response.	2024-12-04
If you need more space, use extra sheets (maximum 5 pages total for Ste	en 3) Mark them "Sten

If you need more space, use extra sheets (maximum 5 pages total for Step 3). Mark them "Step 3, Respondent #1".

Step 3 – Details of Discrimination

Respondent #2:	
Describe what this Respondent did that harmed you.	
Be specific.	
Example: If someone harassed you, write out the words they use	ed.
 Conduct can be what someone did or didn't do. The legal term is 	"acts or omissions".
 If you don't know the exact date, give an approximate date. Exar 	mples: 2020 02 23 or 2020 02
Conduct:	Dates: YYYY MM DD
If you need more space, use extra sheets (maximum 5 pages total for Sto	 en 3). Mark them "Sten 3
Respondent #2".	

Step 4 – Time Limit

Step 4, Part A Is the complaint filed in time?
There is a 1-year time limit for filing a complaint. Answer these questions:
1. What is the date of the most recent conduct that you listed as discrimination?
Respondent #1: 2024-10-06 Respondent #2:
(yyyy mm dd) (yyyy mm dd)
2. Did the most recent conduct happen in the last year?
Respondent #1 yes X no Respondent #2 yes no
3. Did all of the conduct happen in the last year?
yes – go to Step 5. You filed your complaint in time.
X no – continue in Step 4.
4. Is all of the conduct related or similar?
Information: You must file a complaint within one year of the last conduct if the conduct is
similar or related. The legal term is "continuing contravention".
yes – answer questions 5 and 6.
no – skip questions 5 and 6. Go to Step 4, Part B.
5. Explain how the conduct is similar or related (a "continuing contravention").
Examples:
 Each event is about a co-worker using racial slurs. Each event is about an employer not accommodating a disability.
Each event relates to the SD68's decision to exclude Ms. Dixon based on her political views.
Each event relates to the 3500 s decision to exclude ivis. Bixon based on her pointed views.
6. Explain any gaps in time.
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Information: Gaps in time might mean there is no "continuing contravention". The Tribunal will consider reasons for gaps.
Examples:
 "My employer denied me three promotions. The job postings were three months apart."
"My manager used racial slurs. He was on leave for four months."
The three-month gap between the actual decision to exclude Ms. Dixon and the date she learned how the decision was made
are caused by the FOI process. Ms. Dixon never heard back from the SD68 and, after becoming suspicious, requested and
FOI. She received the results on December 4, 2024 and learned of the discriminatory basis for the decision.
If you need more space, use extra sheets (maximum 5 pages for Step 4). Mark them "Step 4".

Step 4 - Time Limit

Step 4, Part B Ask Tribunal to accept late complaint

Information:

- Complete this step if **any** conduct happened more than 1 year ago.
- There must be a good reason to accept the late complaint. The legal term is that it must be in the "public interest".
- There must be no real harm to anyone because of the delay in filing. The legal term is no "substantial prejudice".

1. Reasons to accept complaint

Information: Reasons include:

- Why you filed late, and how late you filed,
- Why accepting the complaint would benefit the public.

A. Why did you file late?

Examples the Tribunal will consider:

- The Complainant has a disability that prevented them from filing on time.
- The Complainant faced trauma or a family or housing crisis that made it hard to file the complaint at the time of the events.
- The Complainant recently found evidence of discrimination.
- The delay is very short and there is some reason for filing late.

Attach any documents that support your reasons for filing your complaint late. Examples: doctor's note, or letter from a counsellor.

SD68 did not communicate its decision nor its discriminatory reason. Ms. Dixon only learned of the decision and its

rationale on December 4, 2024, when Ms. Dixon received the Respondent's internal emails through an FOI request. Ms.

Dixon brings this complaint within 12 months of learning about the decision.

B. How will accepting your complaint benefit the public?

Examples: A complaint is about a situation that the Tribunal has not addressed often. A complaint seeks a remedy that would help many people.

Permitting Ms. Dixon's complaint to proceed will advance the public interest by 1) preventing the Respondent from

gaining the advantage of making its discriminatory decision in secret, which cost Ms. Dixon 3 months; and 2) allow the

Tribunal to set a precedent deterring similar discriminatory decisions by the Respondent and other school districts.

2. Why would the delay in filing not harm anyone else?

Information: The delay means the time after the 1-year time limit.

- "The complaint is two months late. Documents and witnesses should still be available."
- "The complaint is six months late. I know of no harm to the Respondents."

If calculated from the date that the Respondent internally made its decision, the complaint is less than two months late.

Documents and witnesses should still be available. Ms. Dixon is unaware of any other prejudice to the Respondent.

If you need more space, use extra sheets (maximum 5 pages total for Step 4). Mark them "Step 4".

Steps 5-6

Step 5 Other proceedings
Information: The Tribunal can defer your complaint (put it on hold) until another proceeding is
finished.
Instructions: Answer these questions.
1. Do you have another proceeding about the same events?
yes – answer question 2
x no – go to Step 6.
2. What kind of proceeding is it?
Examples: union grievance, court case, WorkSafeBC claim.
3. What stage is that proceeding at?
Examples: Has there been a hearing? When do you expect a decision?
4. Do you want the Tribunal to wait to deal with your complaint?
yes – answer question 5
no – go to Step 6
5. Explain why you want the Tribunal to wait to deal with your complaint.
Step 6 Remedies
Check the kinds of remedies you want and that are available under s. 37 of the Human Rights Code:
Order to stop the discrimination
X Declaration that the conduct is discrimination
Steps or programs to address the discrimination (examples: training, policy)
X Compensation for injury to dignity, feelings, and self-respect
Compensation for lost wages or other expenses such as moving expenses, photocopying, costs of
attending the hearing (keep receipts)
Something specific (examples: job back, ramp):

Step 7 Mediation

Information:

- At a "mediation", a trained mediator works with you and the Respondent to find a solution to your complaint. Settlement is voluntary. If you can't agree, the process continues.
- If you settle your complaint, the process is usually much faster. If you don't settle, there are steps you must take before a hearing where you can prove your complaint. See Steps in the Process on the Tribunal website.
- Mediation is free.
- What you and the Respondent say in mediation is confidential.
- A mediator does not act for either party.
- You can bring your representative or a support person.
- You don't have to be in the same room as a Respondent to participate in mediation. The mediator can speak to you and the Respondent separately.
- For more information see <u>Settle a Complaint</u> on the Tribunal website.

The Tribunal will ask the Respondent if they want to attend a mediation. If you both agree, the Tribunal will contact you to schedule a date for the mediation.

Do you war	nt to attend a mediation?
Step 8	Indigenous Peoples
Indigenous	Peoples are First Nations, Métis, or Inuit.
• Expl	Navigators at the Tribunal can: Iain the process and options cuss incorporating Indigenous protocols and ways of resolving disputes.
Check here	if you are Indigenous and want an Indigenous Navigator to contact you.
☐ I confirm	m I am First Nations, Métis or Inuit. I want an Indigenous Navigator to contact me about the

process.

Steps 9-10

Step 9 Extra pages
More space for answers to questions in form
You may add up to 5 pages for Step 3 – Details and up to 5 pages for Step 4 – Time Limit.
Check here if you are attaching extra pages.
Number each page you attach, write the step you are responding to, and name the Respondent that it is about.
How many extra pages are you attaching:
Evidence
Do not file evidence now unless an exception applies. There are 2 exceptions:
1. You can file evidence to show why you filed your complaint late. For example, a doctor's note.
2. If your complaint is about a job ad or publication, you can attach the ad or publication.
X Check here if you are attaching evidence. One of these exceptions must apply.
How many pages of evidence are you attaching:
Keep your documents. The Tribunal will tell you when you need to submit evidence to support your complaint.
Step 10 Confirm information is true and accurate
Keep a copy of your complaint form.

X The information I gave is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Check the following box:

Step 11 Demographic information		
The Tribunal wants to ensure that everyone can access and use its process. We use this information to know how the process works for different groups. Your information is confidential . We share it with the Office of the Human Rights Commissioner on a confidential basis. We do not give it to the Respondents. We share only statistics or "aggregated data" with the public. This section is voluntary . You can complete all, some, or none. Check all that apply.		
Indigenous Identity	4. Disability requiring	7. Immigration Status
First Nations Métis Inuit Indigenous Other: Indigenous Indigenous Black East Asian South Asian Latinx Middle Eastern White Mixed Race	accommodation Pain-related Flexibility Mobility Dexterity Seeing Hearing Deafblind Mental health- related Memory Learning Developmental	Canadian citizen Permanent resident Refugee Temporary visa Other: 8. Age Under 19 20-34 35-49 50-64 65 and over 9. Household Single parent family Two parent family
Other: 3. Primary Language	Unknown Other: Other: S. Gender Identity Woman Man Intersex Non-binary Transgender Two Spirit Other: Other: G. Sexual Orientation HEGBQ Heterosexual Other:	Single adult Two adults Other: 10. Household Income After Tax Under \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more

More Information

Accommodation

The Tribunal wants to make sure its process is safe and accessible for everyone.

You may need us to address your needs so you can take part. (The legal term is "accommodation".)

If you need an accommodation, send us a page called "Accommodation Request".

Examples:

- "I am Deaf. I need an interpreter."
- "I am Indigenous. I want to smudge at the hearing."

Privacy Notice

The Tribunal collects personal information to process human rights complaints. The Tribunal may survey parties to improve its services.

The demographic information you give at the end of this form is confidential.

The Tribunal will give a copy of the rest of the form to the other parties.

The Tribunal must provide copies of complaints and responses to the Office of the Human Rights Commissioner. The Tribunal may provide the Commissioner with other records in a complaint file.

The Tribunal may disclose personal information to the public as follows:

- The Tribunal publishes most decisions on its website.
- The Tribunal publishes a hearing schedule.
- Before a hearing, the public can see parts of the file. This does not include contact information.

It does include:

- The complaint,
- The response to the complaint.
- Hearings are open to the public.
- The Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act applies to the Tribunal. Someone can apply to see information in the complaint file.

You can ask the Tribunal to limit the information it makes public. You can also ask the Tribunal to order a publication ban. Use a Form 7.1 General Application to apply. For more information, see ApplytoLimit Publication of Personal Information on the Tribunal website.

Other laws may restrict a party from going public with information in this complaint.

For more information, see the Complaint Process Privacy Policy.

More Information

What happens next?

The Tribunal will review your complaint. Next, it will tell you one of the following:

- The complaint form is complete and the complaint will proceed to the next step. The Tribunal will send a copy to the Respondent(s).
- The complaint form is incomplete and the Tribunal will ask you for more information by a certain date.
- The complaint is on hold until the end of another proceeding.
- The complaint cannot be accepted for filing because:
 - o The complaint is not covered by the BC Human Rights Code,
 - The complaint does not set out facts that could be discrimination under the BC Human Rights Code, or
 - o The complaint was filed late and the Tribunal has decided not to accept it.

Protection from retaliation

The Human Rights Code forbids retaliation:

- Against someone who makes a complaint to the Tribunal or who might make a complaint, or
- Against someone who might get involved in a complaint. This includes parties, witnesses, or anyone who might help with a complaint.

Retaliation is conduct that punishes someone for their involvement in a complaint. It includes:

- Evicting
- Firing or suspending
- Expelling or kicking out
- Intimidating
- Penalizing
- Other similar kinds of harm

For more information see Protection from Retaliation on the Tribunal website.

If you or someone else has been retaliated against, complete a Form 1.4 – Retaliation Complaint available in the <u>Forms</u> section on our website.